

Grainstore

The grain and oilseed company!



GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS (GTC)

for determination of base and permissible grain storage indicators and criteria for loss allowance calculation mechanism for the provision of grain storage service by "GRAINSTORE BULGARIA" JSC, "GRAINSTORE TRADING" JSC

Art. 1. (1) The grain storage facility shall determine the following base and acceptable indicators for grain deposit:

BASE AND ACCEPTABLE GRAIN STORAGE INDICATORS						
Grain Type	Moisture		Foreign Impurities /wheat, barley, rye, oats, sorghum, corn, soybean/ General impurities /sunflower, rapeseed, coriander/		Cereal Impurities	Hectoliter
	Base Indicators	Acceptable Indicators	Base Indicators	Acceptable Indicators	Base Indicators	Base Indicators
Wheat	13%	15%	2%	4%	6% /incl. broken up to 5%/	72%
Barley	13%	15%	2%	4%	5%	62%
Rye	13%	15%	2%	4%	5%	
Oats	13%	15%	2%	4%	5%	37%
Meal	9%	10%	0%	0%	0%	
Maize	14%	16%	2%	4%	10% /incl. broken up to 5% and damaged up to 5%/	
Sunflower	9%	10%	4%	8%		
Rapeseed	9%	10%	4%	8%		
Soya	12%	13%	2%	4%	6%	
Coriander	9%	11%		6%	including cereal impurities up to 3%	

(2) When receiving the grain in the grain storage, it must be of good quality and have commercial appearance, no living contamination, diseases, sprouting, molds and no odor extraneous to the grain type.

(3) The grain storage facility shall refuse grain reception in case one or more of the indicators for the respective grain type are outside those accepted as eligible under Art. 1, paragraph 1 or do not meet the requirements under this Article.

(4) In the cases when the grain accepted has indicators outside the base under paragraph 1 of this Article, the grain storage facility shall make a quantitative loss allowance.

Art. 2. (1) "Loss allowance" is a correction of the amount of grain.

(2) Upon receipt of grain, the grain storage facility shall make a loss allowance for deviation from the base indicators for moisture accepted in Art. 1, paragraph 1.

2.2.1. For unavoidable mass losses** (natural wastage and spattering), depending on the type of grain, as follows:

LIMIT RATES OF INEVITABLE MASS LOSS		
grain type	natural wastage	spattering
wheat, barley	0,20%	0,30%
corn, sunflower, rapeseed, coriander, soybean, rye, oats, other	0,30%	0,30%

Grainstore

The grain and oilseed company!



(1) Upon release of the grain, the grain storage facility shall make a loss allowance for the difference in the weighted average moisture at the reception and discharge of the deposited grain***.

(2) The rates defined in item 2.2.1. of paragraph 2 of this Article, for natural wastage and spattering shall apply if the grain is stored for a period of up to one year, and for each subsequent year it shall be increased by 50%.

(3) The grain loss allowance under this Article shall be performed on the basis of the indicators established by the analytical certificates issued by the grain storage laboratory. The Depositor is required to provide a representative to attend the analyses. If the Depositor fails to provide such representative and / or does not object in writing within 24 hours after the issuing of the analysis certificate, the parties shall accept the data specified therein as indisputable.

(4) The Company works by applying strictly the Bulgarian legislation in force, including the Law on Road Transport. In the event of an established breach, transshipment or other irregularity related to the transport of the grain, the fines and penalties for established infringements shall be borne by the carrier and the consignor.

* loss allowance to basic indicators is made due to impossibility to store grain with higher indicators, without risk of damage.

** grain is a living organism that constantly consumes part of its mass. When passing through technological processes, there is inevitable spattering.

*** for quality storage, the grain is aspirated and ventilated, thus reducing moisture and impurities.